

From Acquisition to Excellence: The 3-Week Sprint to Transform ENT Practices into High-Performance Clinical Operations

An Expert Analysis from Prosidio

Featuring an exclusive consultation with Adam Pellegrine, Chief Operations Officer, Breathe Free Sinus & Allergy Centers

Executive Summary

For private equity firms and Medical Service Organizations (MSOs) pursuing ENT practice consolidation, the ability to rapidly transform newly acquired practices into efficient, patient-centered operations represents the difference between portfolio success and failure.¹

The stakes are substantial: the U.S. MSO market reached \$46.78 billion in 2023 and is projected to grow at nearly 13% annually through 2030.² ENT practices specifically have seen rapid PE consolidation, with acquisitions accelerating from a single practice in 2015 to eight in 2021.³⁴ The first majority recapitalization occurred in April 2018, marking the beginning of sustained roll-up activity in the specialty.⁵

Our analysis reveals a critical capability gap in the typical post-acquisition integration process: most MSOs require 8-12 weeks to achieve basic operational functionality, hemorrhaging revenue and eroding physician confidence during this extended transition. At Prosidio, our mission to support private practices comes from firsthand experience—led by a practicing otolaryngologist who understands the challenges of modern practice management, we recognized that practices in transition face unique operational vulnerabilities that deserve focused attention. This white paper leverages our unique position at the intersection of clinical practice and operational consulting to bring you insights from Adam Pellegrine, one of the industry's leading integration specialists. Having overseen nine clinic transformations this year alone, Pellegrine demonstrates how a refined operational framework can compress the traditional timeline from months to just three weeks—preserving revenue, maintaining physician confidence, and delivering immediate value to all stakeholders.

The core insight is that successful rapid deployment requires three interlocking systems: a standardized yet flexible infrastructure blueprint that works from first principles, intensive week-one training that builds culture alongside competency, and specialized teams that can execute parallel workstreams without compromise. By treating each acquisition as a carefully orchestrated sprint rather than a gradual transition, MSOs can preserve deal momentum, capture immediate revenue opportunities, and establish the cultural foundation for long-term success.

For any decision-maker in specialty practice roll-ups, the message is clear: the first 30 days post-acquisition determine whether a practice becomes a portfolio star or a persistent underperformer.

The 60-Day Transformation That Changes Everything

A struggling ENT physician in the South watches his monthly case volume decline to fewer than 15 procedures. The bills mount, staff morale plummets, and decades of community service appear headed toward an ignominious end. Sixty days after partnering with a sophisticated MSO, the same practice performs 70 cases monthly, the physician can start to save for retirement, and patient wait times have dropped from months to 48 hours.

This transformation, far from exceptional in Pellegrine's portfolio, represents what becomes possible when operational excellence meets systematic execution. The difference lies not in capital infusion or marketing prowess, but in the ability to rapidly deploy a proven operational model while preserving the unique strengths of each practice.

The challenge facing MSO leadership is how to replicate this transformation at scale, across diverse geographies and practice cultures, without sacrificing quality or burning out implementation teams. The answer lies in a meticulously designed playbook that balances standardization with flexibility.

Beyond the Financial Model: Building the Operational Reality

While deal teams obsess over EBITDA multiples and payer mix analyses, the operational realities that determine post-acquisition success often receive cursory attention. Our analysis, validated through Pellegrine's experience across multiple states, reveals three categories of operational transformation that must occur simultaneously to achieve rapid practice integration.

The Space Equation: More Than Square Footage

First is the fundamental redesign of clinical flow that goes beyond simple room allocation. The configuration isn't merely mathematical—it's psychological architecture. "We want our clinics always to look clean," Pellegrine explains. This obsessive minimalism serves a clinical purpose: patients arriving with ear infections or facing anxiety-inducing procedures need visual calm, not cluttered hallways that amplify their distress.

The spatial formula—two exam rooms per APP, two procedure rooms per physician, centrally located CT scanning—creates a specific operational cadence. But the hidden insight lies in deliberate segregation: procedure rooms require private entrances and exits, allowing post-procedure patients to bypass waiting areas. This isn't courtesy—it's revenue optimization. When patients can exit discreetly, procedure rooms turn over faster, and waiting room anxiety decreases for those still awaiting care. The CT scanner's central placement isn't about convenience but about workflow orchestration, ensuring no provider loses momentum retrieving imaging.

Most critically, the space must accommodate future service lines without disruption. Allergy testing, deliberately delayed until quarter three of operations, requires dedicated space that often doesn't exist initially. "We have 150% expansion that's already being in construction right now," Pellegrine notes about one Texas clinic. The lesson: build for the practice you'll become, not the one you acquire.

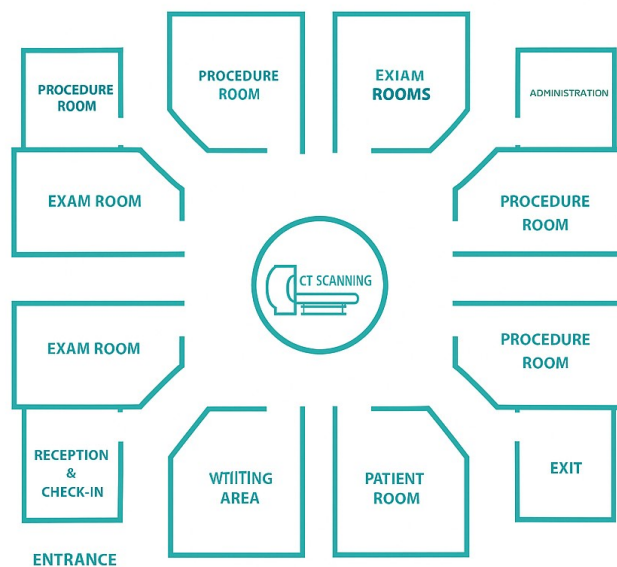


Figure 1: "Space allocation optimizes clinic flow with a centrally located CT-scanner and multiple exam rooms per APP and multiple procedure rooms per physician" NOTE: please make sure you correct spelling mistakes in the graphic

The Human Capital Revolution

Second is a counterintuitive approach to APP recruitment that defies conventional wisdom. Rather than competing for experienced ENT specialists, the MSO deliberately hires APPs with no specialty experience. "We hire people who don't come from the specialty... they're having to learn the specialty," Pellegrine reveals. This blank-slate approach enables cultural programming without the friction of unlearning established patterns.

The transformation happens through "Breathe Free University," an intensive week where the operations manual becomes curriculum and cross-functional training dissolves traditional role boundaries. Medical assistants learn billing codes; front desk staff master disease states. This isn't feel-good team building—it's operational insurance. When every team member understands why specific nasal symptoms trigger certain diagnostic protocols, they anticipate needs rather than react to requests.

Most revealing is the leadership identification process embedded within training. "Day 5, inevitably somebody is gonna be answering the other trainees' questions," Pellegrine observes. These organic leaders, identified through stress-testing rather than resumes, become the foundation for sustainable local management. The week functions as both education and audition, with natural hierarchies emerging that no org chart could predict. One example: in 60 days, a Texas practice went from 15 to 70 monthly cases—not through marketing or capital investment, but through this human capital transformation.



Figure 2: The Human Capital Revolution: A three-stage system that transforms raw talent into skilled experts and clinic-ready leaders — through intentional recruiting, immersive cross-training, and a consistent leadership-building engine. (no need to change this graphic)

The Standardization Paradox

Third is the deliberate sequencing of service line deployment that appears to contradict efficiency logic. Despite audiology's presence in many acquired practices, the MSO recommends freeing that precious square footage for higher-margin procedures while eliminating a service line that, despite generating revenue, dilutes operational focus. "[audiology] is never something that we would suggest to bring in," Pellegrine states bluntly, even when existing infrastructure and staff are present.

The California HMO crisis revealed the true sophistication of flexible standardization. When faced with regulations requiring new referrals for every single visit—not just initial consultations—the team didn't compromise their 48-hour access promise. Instead, they created an entirely new operational layer: dedicated authorization specialists mastering multiple web platforms, following up relentlessly with primary care offices. This wasn't adaptation—it was innovation, turning a regulatory burden into competitive advantage by guaranteeing access no competitor could match.

Perhaps most striking is the discovery that two clinics within the same MSO were purchasing 386 unique items from one vendor, with only 37 in common. This isn't just inefficiency—it's organizational pathology, revealing how supposedly integrated practices remain operationally siloed.

[insert link to relevant procurement white paper]

The standardization dividend isn't just about bulk purchasing; it's about creating a unified operating system where a medical assistant from Florida could seamlessly cover a shift in California. Vendor relationships have evolved to the point where suppliers design custom SMR carts specifically for the MSO's specifications—a level of partnership individual practices could never achieve.

The Three-Week Sprint

Speed comes from Infrastructure, Not Urgency

The three-week transformation isn't about working faster—it's about having already done the work. "That 3 week process has come with years of work," Pellegrine emphasizes. The speed is an illusion; it's the visible tip of an infrastructure iceberg built through hundreds of implementations.

Consider the revelation about vendor relationships: medical equipment suppliers have designed custom SMR carts specifically for the MSO's specifications. When Pellegrine needs six exam chairs delivered to a new location, he doesn't submit purchase orders—he sends text messages to vendors who've allocated inventory specifically for his deployments. The IT company doesn't need specifications; they already know the network architecture. This isn't purchasing—it's choreography, with every player knowing their role before the music starts.

Week One: The Diagnostic Disguised as Training

The first week appears to be education, but it's actually triage. "Breathe Free University" serves three hidden functions beyond knowledge transfer. First, it's an audition—by day five, natural leaders emerge organically as peers gravitate toward those who grasp concepts quickly. These aren't the leaders on paper but the ones who answer questions during breaks.

Second, it's cultural programming at the neurological level. When medical assistants learn billing codes and front desk staff study disease states, they're not just cross-training—they're being rewired to think systemically. A front desk worker who understands why chronic sinusitis requires specific imaging protocols doesn't just schedule appointments; they anticipate bottlenecks.

Third, and most counterintuitively, it's where Pellegrine's team identifies who to invest in versus who to release. "I will coach and pour in and coach and pour in... until it becomes evident that they just don't want it." This patient approach seems to contradict the sprint mentality, but it's strategic: employees who struggle but persist become the most loyal. "It's those employees that become the most loyal... because we've actually given the time and opportunity to them and shown them that we believe in them."

Week Two: The Parallel Reality

While the clinic operates normally for patients, a shadow operation runs simultaneously. The EMR specialist—who can decode any system's architecture "within an hour"—orchestrates data migration that traditionally takes 8-12 weeks. But here's the innovation: they don't migrate everything. They identify the 20% of data needed for 80% of operations, transferring active patient charts while scheduling historical data migration for later.

The physician continues seeing patients in familiar exam rooms while installers configure identical rooms next door. Patients experience no disruption because two complete realities exist in parallel—the dying practice and the emerging one. This isn't renovation; it's metamorphosis, with the new entity emerging fully formed rather than gradually evolving.

The revelation: "A month done in a day." This isn't hyperbole but mathematical reality. With five specialized team members working in parallel, five days equals 25 person-days of effort—essentially a month of single-person work compressed into a week.

Week Three: The Calculated Chaos

The final week breaks conventional change management wisdom by activating everything simultaneously. New EMR, new workflows, new staff roles—all launch together. This deliberate chaos serves a purpose: it prevents selective adoption. When everything changes at once, staff can't

cherry-pick which protocols to follow. The old way doesn't just become inefficient; it becomes impossible.

But the masterstroke is what doesn't change: the physician's clinical autonomy. "We really want them just to focus on medicine... we give doctors the opportunity to be doctors and not managers." While everything around them transforms, physicians experience liberation—suddenly freed from administrative burden to practice medicine.

The three-week sprint succeeds not because it's fast (that's the outcome) but because it's complete. Traditional implementations fail through gradualism—months of half-measures where neither old nor new systems function properly. The sprint eliminates this dangerous transition zone entirely. As Pellegrine notes about a recent Texas opening: "There is no downtime in an opening." This isn't motivational speaking; it's operational philosophy. Downtime creates doubt, and doubt destroys transformations.

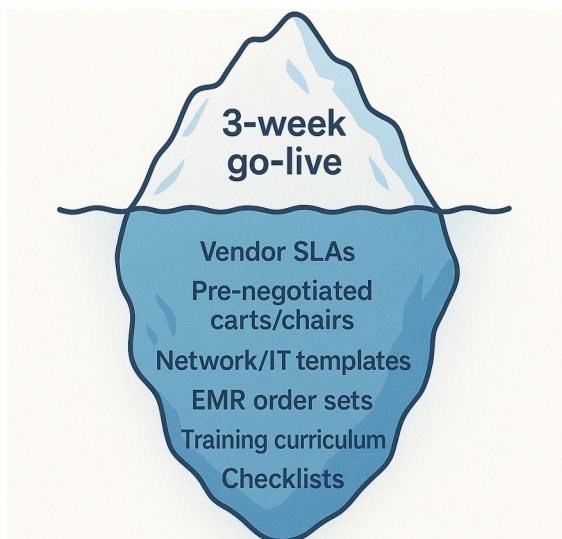


Figure 3: "The visible "3-week go-live" sits above the surface, supported by the underlying infrastructure: vendor SLAs, pre-negotiated carts and chairs, standardized network/IT templates, EMR order sets, training curriculum, and operational checklists." Operating Model Iceberg - What: Above water: "3-week go-live." Below: vendor SLAs, pre-negotiated carts/chairs, network/IT templates, EMR order sets, training curriculum, checklists.

The Infrastructure Secret

The deeper truth is this: you aren't actually transforming a practice in three weeks. What you do is deploy an infrastructure so refined that activation takes three weeks. It's the difference between building a house and assembling a prefabricated structure. Every component—from vendor relationships to training curricula to EMR templates—already exists. The three weeks are merely assembly.

This explains why Pellegrine has deployed nine clinics this year alone while maintaining quality. He's not solving the same problems repeatedly, preserving operational bandwidth. The California HMO challenge didn't break the model; it revealed its adaptability. The system could accommodate an entirely new operational layer—dedicated authorization specialists—without compromising its core promise of 48-hour access.

From Firefighting to Value Creation: Building Sustainable Excellence Through Speed

One of Prosidio's core tenets is that physicians should create value beyond the revenue they generate directly (our upcoming white papers will explore this deeper). The three-week deployment

exemplifies how institutionalized excellence generates compound returns—rapid implementation becomes the foundation for continuous improvement and portfolio-wide optimization.

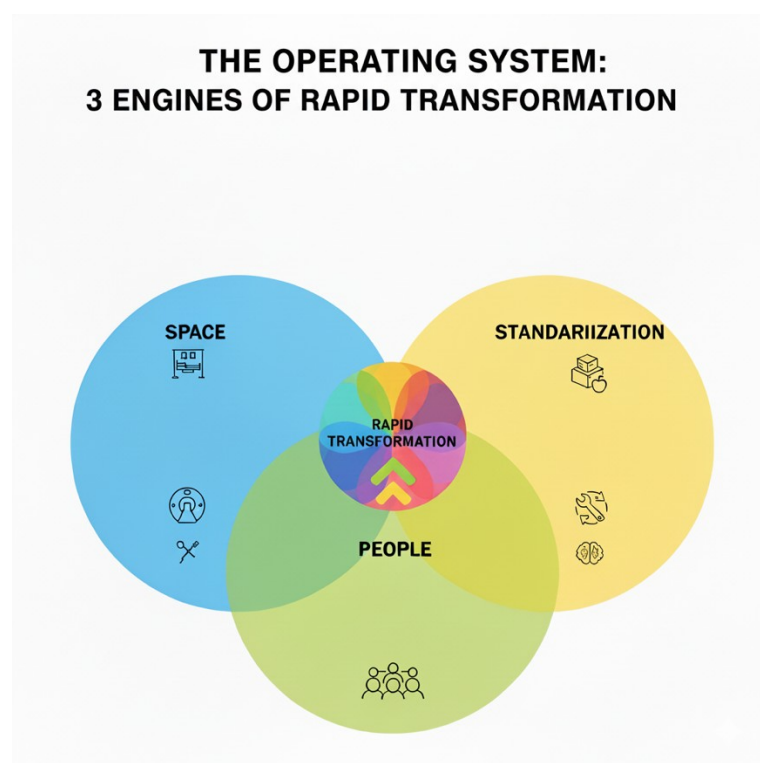


Figure 4: **Figure 4. The Operating System: Three Engines of Rapid Transformation.**

A Venn diagram linking **Space**, **People**, and **Standardization**—the core components enabling rapid ENT practice transformation.

- Space:** 2 exam rooms per APP; 2 procedure rooms per physician; centrally located CT scanner.
- People:** APPs + physicians; cross-training across clinical, billing, and front desk functions; company-wide education.
- Standardization:** Consolidated equipment; custom MSO-spec carts; replicated workflows across all locations.

please do something like this Layout: Venn diagram.

Layout: Venn diagram.

Column 1 – “Space”

- “2 exam rooms per APP”
- “2 procedure rooms per physician”
- “CT scanner centrally located”

Column 2 – “People”

- “APPs + physicians”
- “Cross-training (clinical + billing + front desk)”
- “Company wide education”

Column 3 – “Standardization”

- “Consolidation of equipment”
- “Custom carts/equipment built to MSO specs”
- “Replicate workflows across locations”

The Quality Paradox: Why Speed Signals Mastery

The best surgeons aren't the slowest, they're the most efficient. Speed doesn't compromise quality; it's the natural byproduct of mastery. The same principle applies to practice transformation. By compressing implementation timelines, practices avoid the dangerous "transition zone" where old systems are abandoned but new ones aren't yet functional: a liminal space where revenue bleeds, staff morale crumbles, and patient care suffers.

The contrast with typical private equity healthcare acquisitions is stark. Evidence shows PE-backed acquisitions have often stumbled badly with an associated 25.4% increase in hospital-acquired conditions and increased emergency department mortality rates.⁶ These failures share a common pattern: drawn-out transitions that kill momentum, confused accountability structures, and cost-cutting that compromises care quality.

What differentiates Pellegrine's approach is surgical precision applied to operational transformation. Like high-performing surgical teams, his system emphasizes meticulous planning, minimal variability, and consistent team composition. The three-week sprint doesn't rush through steps, it eliminates unnecessary ones. As McKinsey research emphasizes, private equity must now "focus on operational value-creation strategies for revenue growth, as well as margin expansion,"⁷ exactly what this framework delivers through operational excellence rather than financial engineering.

A New Mandate for MSO Leadership

This success demands a fundamental shift in how MSOs approach acquisitions. Operations cannot be a post-deal consideration. It must be integral to the acquisition strategy from due diligence forward. This means investing in specialized teams before deals close, developing standardized yet flexible playbooks tested across diverse markets, and building vendor relationships that scale with portfolio growth.

The stakes continue rising. With intensifying federal scrutiny of healthcare consolidation and mounting evidence that mishandled transitions harm patients, operators who master rapid deployment while preserving clinical excellence will separate themselves from those who merely financialize medicine. The choice is becoming binary: build operational capabilities that match your capital capacity, or watch portfolio value erode through botched integrations.

The Competitive Reality

The MSOs that will dominate the next decade won't be those with the most capital or the best multiple arbitrage. Those who can consistently transform acquisitions into high-performing assets within weeks, not quarters will rule the roost. Speed and quality aren't trade-offs. They're complementary forces that, properly harnessed, create insurmountable competitive advantage. The economic and human benefits arrive together when operational excellence guides transformation. The physician who went from "struggling" to keep his practice afloat didn't just gain a healthier bottom line—he rediscovered why he became a doctor.

The statements and perspectives shared in this white paper are those of Adam Pellegrine and are not intended to represent or reflect the official policies or positions of Breathe Free Sinus & Allergy Centers or any affiliated entities.

Key Performance Indicators for Rapid Practice Transformation

- **Timeline Compression:** 75% reduction from traditional 12-week integration to 3-week sprint
- **Case Volume Growth:** 350%+ increase within 60 days (from 15 to 70+ monthly cases)
- **Patient Access:** 48-hour appointment availability vs. 3-6 month traditional wait
- **Provider Efficiency:** 2:1 APP to physician ratio optimizing resource utilization
- **Training Intensity:** 40+ hours of concentrated education in week one
- **EMR Migration:** 5-day transfer vs. traditional 8-week timeline (industry standard: 6-24 months)
- **Cost Optimization:** 5-15% supply cost reduction through standardization

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